

THE COST OF EMANCIPATION.—The express interpretation of Mr. Lincoln's account of

freedom of the entire negro race in America renders it worth while to inquire what will be the cost of such forced emancipation? If the people of the North are determined to free the negro, and are willing to devote their entire resources to the purpose, they will find that it cannot be accomplished by a cheaper method than that proposed in the re-election of Mr. Lincoln. To say nothing of the thousands of lives to be sacrificed in the continuation of the war, the cost of the proposed purpose, the question of its pecuniary cost is sufficiently appalling, if it be duly considered.

The restoration of the Union is an object dear to the true patriot that he will hardly count the cost of such a work. But it is evident that the people of the North are not yet awakened. Under cover of this, the people of

men led to pour their resources into the treasury, and to send their sons to the field, to the mines, to the sea, to the forests, to the labor and sacrifice. But the mass has been deceived, and the nation has been misled. Nature has declared "To whom it may concern" that the property of SLAVERY is to be in liquidation. The Government of the United States is now prepared to purchase the freedom of the negro at such a fearful cost.

On the 1st of October, 1861, was \$1,345,395,749 the amount of the national debt, or \$1,345,395,749 millions of dollars. This would buy every slave in the country at about five hundred dollars per head. The interest on this debt is paid in gold is far greater than this, but these are official figures of the debt which is acknowledged to be \$1,345,395,749. If the war were to stop now, the Government would have to pay \$1,345,395,749 repaid, there is an annual burden to be borne by the people, the weight of which they have not felt.

The total annual income of the United States Treasury, from all sources, beginning with 1850 and ending with 1860, was \$100,000,000, and amounted to an average of \$27,683,620 per annum. The Government has been maintaining the government in all its branches. These expenses will now be more than doubled, and the Government will have to pay for the war received for sales of public lands; add to this the cost of the war, the cost of the army, of the navy, of the coast, of the sugar, and other customs, so that the Government will have to pay for the war, an enormous advance on all former prices, and the cost of the war will be more than double the cost of an ordinary purse, and then you have

[illegible]

No amount of the most artful legislation can secure the working man from the presence of this grim spectre. It will scrape the butter from his bread. It will take the sugar from his tea and coffee. Nay, these beverages themselves will be soon forgotten luxuries among the poor, who will have no time to drink them. Occasions, however, may arise when the farmer, the mechanic, the teacher, or the merchant, each must give one day's work in ten to buy off this inexorable tyrant. The sharpest contrivers of the old world have given up the vain endeavor to hide this oppression from the people, and it is now everywhere admitted that death itself is not more certain than the visitation of this hateful giant. And this is not for one year or two, or ten, but for ever. Heedless of the sad encumbrance on every estate which goes down through the generations by inheritance

We have made the foregoing estimate in the mildest possible form, in order to convince even the most skeptical that we are giving too dear a price for this emancipation paper. We show that the evidences of debt already incurred by the authorities, have imposed a burden upon the people, which would be increased by the weight, even if nothing be added to it. But the half has not yet been told. If the war should continue, the Government would be obliged to let the Republican authorities themselves add to the indebtedness growing out of it would reach four thousand million dollars. This is more than the whole of the property of the country. Our estimate, if the average annual interest should be reduced to five per cent., the yearly

To pay this annual tax would require the labor of every man, woman, and child in the country, at their ordinary employment, at least one day every week. And this year after year, to the end of their days. The total annual value of all the flour and meal produced in the United States, by the last census, was only \$223,144,362, scarcely enough to meet the annual tax.

But this is only the amount if the war were ended. Alas! it is not ended, and cannot be for long months, perhaps years, to come, if the country insists upon Mr. Lincoln's condition of negro emancipation. Can we afford to provide such an inheritance for the negro at such a fearful cost? Is anything so great as that that emancipation. The working people of this country can look for little sympathy and no help from the negro race after they shall be freed. Their presence will be a constant burden and annoyance. They must be cared for by the white people, who will not do so if they are taken from bondage. The negro's idea of freedom is summed up in a release from daily

oil. But suppose that another year or two of this fearful strife would free the negro, and that benevolence he could provide for himself; is it worth the sacrifice? Are the white working-men of this country willing to bind this heavy yoke around their own necks, and entail it upon their children, to make this experiment of negro emancipation?

If the Union can be restored, as McClellan declares it must and shall be, without other con-

chances of negro freedom, with the certainty of a double taxation for the rest of their natural lives? The Tribune once endeavored to prove by a series of elaborate statistics that the UNION was only worth the cost of the war to the head to the people of the Northern States. Following this line of argument, how much will negro emancipation be worth to you? Do you value it at one day's work in four for yourselves and children to the end of life? Or will you take the UNION as Washington and the fathers made it, and do without negro equality for the present? You are to decide this question on the 8th of November.

New York Journal of Commerce.

How THEY Do THINGS in ARKANSAS.—A letter from Little Rock says:

You would be amazed to see some of these Rackensacks. A company of Union guerrillas, or "Mountain Feds," as the rebels call them, were organized in front of the court-house last Tuesday. The Captains of the different squads got their men together and addressed them. One of the candidates then gave the order: "All you fellows that belongs to this yer crowd get into one string tother side of the road!" "Now count from one end to tother." After this performance was gone through with the rival candidates

encompassed the respective claims, and the aforementioned prominent spokesman again came forward and said: "All you fellows want what me to be. I ever Captain, just step forward two paces!" The speaker of the line bulged out the two sides and would rush up a little with staring eyes, and finally the whole line subsided into a corkscrew. One individual spoke up—"Captain, I reckon you're lected." "I calate," and the Captain modestly installed himself, saying, "You fellows kin now be sworn in and come in the mornin' and get your own guns. I want to see you. I want we growin' to have guns?" asked one of the privates. "Don't know anything about that, but you kin git your amnition and rations."

By a private despatch to J. L. Sanderson we learn that Price burned Fort Lincoln in his retreat, and destroyed a large amount of hay. Mr. Sanderson lost a number of stage horses, and his agent took his stock and coaches out of Fort Scott, fearing an attack might be made on that place. Fort Lincoln is about 60 miles west of Fort Scott.

LEAVENWORTH, Oct. 23.

Sixty-seven prisoners, taken at the battle of Brush Creek and the Blue, arrived on Thursday in charge of Colonel Hogan, of the 19th Kansas State Militia. Among them is a nephew of the rebel General Shelby, who is apparently an active, intelligent young man. He was acting as orderly, and was captured while carrying dispatches. Also, a captain, two lieutenants, and an assistant surgeon. They are now under guard at the fort. The colored troops keep watch and ward over their safety.

A boy 13 years old died in Chichester, N.

11, recently, who weighed 380 pounds. It took 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet of boards to make his coffin. It was so large that it could not be taken into the house. The corpse was bound upon timber and carried to the coffin outside the house.

Four pounds of beef loses one pound by boiling, and a pound and five ounces by roasting and one pound and three ounces by baking. Four pounds of mutton lose fourteen ounces by boiling, one pound and six ounces by roasting and one pound and four ounces by baking.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots. A prominent dark, irregular stain is visible along the bottom edge of the page.

COLLECTOR, INTERIOR, 33 DIST. OF KENTUCKY,
LOUISVILLE, KY., NOV. 4, 1864.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal.

Having been advised by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that my construction of the act of June 30, 1864, in regard to the stamp duty on Express receipts, is different from that held by the Department, I take this method of correcting my former decision.

Receipts given by Express Companies, being particularly known as "receipts," require only a two-cent stamp for each receipt.

Parties receiving packages by Express Companies should attach and cancel a two-cent stamp for each receipt given.

PHILIP SPEED,
Collector Internal Revenue 33 Dist Ky.

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS YESTERDAY.

Gen. Lytle, Cin.	Rebecca, Cin.
New York, Paducah.	Citizen, Newburgh.
Silver Moon, Cin.	

DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Gen. Lytle, Cin.	Rebecca, Cin.
F. G. Oliver, Cin.	Citizen, St. Louis.
Silver Moon, Memphis.	Science No. 2, St. Louis.
N. Collier, Nashville.	

STAGE OF THE RIVER.—The river at this point continues to rise. By the time the flood crest had passed three inches during the 24 hours preceding last evening at three o'clock, when there was four feet five inches water in the channel. The water was rising over the falls there was 2½ inches water for descending boats.

WEATHER.—The weather yesterday was wet and chilly.

THE ST. LOUIS DEMOCRAT OF THURSDAY SAYS:

The steameboat fairs in port were at half-past midnight, said to be in token of sorrow for the death of Hamilton on the steamer Venus in the Tennessee. The Venus was captained in May, 1866, was a stern-wheel steamer, and was built by the same company that built the one that was wrecked at New Orleans, and was owned by Muller & Co. of Chicago. The vessel was lost before captured and perhaps hurried, by rebels on the Tennessee.

BOATS BELONGING TO DAY.—Gen. Heill and Rowena for Cincinnati, the former at 11 A. M., the latter at 4 P. M.; Morning Star for Henderson at 5 P. M.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

Gold was higher to-day. Brokers bought at 22½ and sold at 237. We quote silver at 222 buying, and at 220 selling. Money was exchanged and shares, and We quote exchange at par§10 buying, and at §10½ premium selling. Kentucky money is buying at §10½ and cent premium, and at §10½ and cent premium selling. Tennessee money we quote as follows.

of Tennessee, 85 bushels, and 60 selling; Union and Thacker's Bank, 80 1/2 bushels, and 45 selling. City branches steady at 52 1/2 cent discount. Orders on Western 4 discount.

APPLES—A fair market at 20-25 1/2 per bushel, according to quality.

CANDLES—We quote candles at 23 1/2c per box and tapers at 20-22c.

CORRUG VANCE—Unbroken. No. 70s 15 1/2, 50s 10 1/2, No. 60s at 7 1/2, and No. 70s at 7 1/2. Twines and candlesticks at 2 1/2.

CORRUG—Unbroken. Sales of Western Reserve a 1 1/2c, and Hamburg at 20 1/2c.

FLUKE—A dull market, and sales mostly confined to the jobbing trade. We quote extra and family at 20 1/2 and 21 1/2 per bushel. Millers are selling at 21 1/2 by the draw-led.

FEATHERS—We quote at 45-50c.

GEORGETOWN—Market quiet and prices moderate. Holders were asking 45-48c for coffee; about 45-46c. New Orleans brown sugar held at 20 1/2c, and hard refined at 20-21c.

GRAIN—Sales of wheat today at 75c for red, and 82 1/2c @ 1 1/2 for white. Corn 1 1/2c and in demand at 1 1/2 20 @ 1 1/2 for old, and 90c for new. Oats are in demand at 70 1/2c. Rye and barley are in demand. Barley is at 71 1/2, and the latter at 31 1/2 50 1/2.

HAY—In good demand. At 20-22 1/2 per ton.

HERRING—Market dull. A fair market at 10-12 1/2 per

Pork from store at \$1.00 50 100 lbs.
 Potatoes—Market fair, and we quote at \$3 50 per
 c 300 from first hands. Sales at \$3 50 per c 300.
 PROVISIONS—A continued quiet market; prices are
 steady, and hard to sell at 20¢ per lb; plain ham at 22
 ¢; bacon sides at 25¢ per lb; shoulders at 20¢, breakfast
 bacon at 24¢.
 TOBACCO—Sales of 63 hds to-day, of which 9 were
 rejected—as follows: 1st at \$38.00 50, 5 at \$38.00 50, 4 at
 \$10.00 50, 1 at \$11.75, 1 at \$11.75, 1 at \$11.75, 1 at \$14.75, 1 at
 \$16.00 15, 1 at \$16.00 15, 1 at \$17.00 15, 1 at \$17.50, 1 at
 \$20.50, 1 at \$21.00, 1 at \$22.00, 25 at \$24.25, 1 at
 \$25.75, 2 at \$26.75, 1 at \$27.00, 1 at \$29.50, 1 at \$31.75,
 85, 2 at \$32.00 75, and 1 at \$32.50 100 lbs.
 WHEAT—Price dull, and market very quiet. We
 quote now at \$1.70.
 CHICAGO, Nov. 4—P. M.
 Flour inactive, and not much done; sales of superfine at
 85 ¢, and extra at 80 ¢.
 Wheat firm, but quiet sales of red at \$1.00 1/2 per bushel,
 and white at \$1.00 1/2 per bushel. Corn quiet, and hard to
 sell; sales of ear at \$1.16, and shelled at \$1.10 1/2. Oats 70¢ per
 bushel.
 WOLKOFF 85¢ demand not so good.
 Provision firm sales of corn, pork at \$10.00 1/2, and
 prime mutton at \$10.00 1/2. Lard higher prices at 10¢ off at 5¢,
 and for 15¢. Green mutton at 12¢ 1/2. Beef at 12¢ 1/2,
 round and loin for shoulders. Hogs firm at 10¢ 1/2 per
 head and heavy.
 COTTON. Silver 25. Exchange scarce.
 NEW YORK, Nov. 4, P. M.
 Golden a shade easier, and money moving, at \$1.20 1/2, 27
 for middle upland.
 Four—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Cattle—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Hogs—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Sheep—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Butter—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Lard—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
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 Flour—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
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 Corn—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
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 Oats—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Hay—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Straw—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Wool—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Tallow—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Soap—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Candles—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Sugar—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Molasses—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Coffee—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Tea—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Spices—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Fruits—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Vegetables—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Eggs—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Butter—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Tallow—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Soap—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Candles—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
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 Sugar—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Molasses—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
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 Coffee—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Tea—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Spices—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Fruits—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
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 Hay—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;
 sales at \$10.00 for extra State. \$10.00 1/2 for ex-
 tra country, very dull, and 100 lbs lower.
 Straw—State and Western dull, and 100 lbs lower;

Wheat dull and drooping, at \$1 75 3/4; 1/2 for Western, closing at \$1 75 1/2.

Wheat dull, and 2 3/4; lower: prime red State sold at \$1 41; good quality and best, at \$1 35; and drooping, at \$1 65 3/4 for mixed Western. Oats dull at \$1 10.

Wool dull.

Coffee dull, and no sales to report. Sugar quiet and steady. Molasses quiet.

Porkish dull at 16 1/4; for crude, 67 1/2@68, for refined, 68 1/2.

Pork decidedly lower, at \$20@20 1/2 for hams, 34 1/2 for primes, and \$14 1/2 to 15 for prime steaks. Diced a shade lower.

Butter steady, at 25 1/2.

Meat steady, and quiet.

Money easy and firm, at 7 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange, 10 1/2.

Government stocks more active and a shade firmer.

2255

STEAMBOATS.

For Oswego, Evansville, and Henderson,
MORNING STAR, at 10 o'clock—Benson, Master.
Evening, Will leave at three on the 14th of Nov. 5.

FOR WHEELING AND PIERCE. Freight or
passage apply on board or to
N. B. The Morning Star will give through receipts for
Hoelling Green and Green River freight.

For Wheeling and Pittsburgh. Master,
ONTARIO..... Will leave we above the day, Nov. 5.
at 8 o'clock P. M. For freight or pas-
sage apply on board or to
n5 **MOORMAN & CO., Agents.**

For Nashville. Master,
ROBT. MOORE..... Will leave at 10 o'clock, Saturday, Nov. 5.
at 9 A. M. positively. For freight or passage apply on board or to
n6 **CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.**

For Memphis and New Orleans. Master,
NICK LONGWORTH..... Will leave Port Clinton, Saturday, Nov. 5.
at 7 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to
n7 **CROPPER & CO., Agents.**




For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans. Master,
NICK LONGWORTH..... Will leave Port Clinton, Saturday, Nov. 5.
at 8 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to
n8 **CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.**

REGULAR PACKETS—U. S. MAIL LINE.
FOR CINCINNATI.
Connecting at Cincinnati with early Eastern Trains,
The Memphis steamer "Memphis" leaves here
for MAJ. ANDERSON, Hildreth, Master,
and FEN. LYTLE, Pilot, every Monday.
One of the above steamers will leave for
the above port at 11 o'clock A. M., and return

or C. T. DUMONT or REBECCA will leave for the annual
port daily at 1 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOSEPH CARTON, Agent,
Office at the Wharriors, foot of Third St.

For Madison, Carrollton, and Vevay.
The first passenger
BLINK, BATES, Master, will leave the
city with the first and intermediate
points every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sat-
urday, at 12 M. positively. For freight or passage ap-
ply on board or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO. Agents,
1863. 1864.

LOUISVILLE and HENDERSON

U. S. MAILBOATS

For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson,
connection at Louisville and Cincinnati.

Cairo and Bransville Packets.
The new and light-fast steamer **MOLLIEN STARR**
and **TALBESON** will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday,
Friday, and Saturday, at 3 P. M.

NOTICE.

All freight and passengers must be at the P. M. steamer
wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be
delayed after that time under any circumstances. Let-
ters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the
Agent, on the wharf, not between 5 o'clock and the river,
before 5 o'clock P. M.

J. F. BUNCE, Sup't.
d1747

FURS! FURS!

AT

LOW PRICES.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST, I
am in *pos* receiving a large stock of

**LADIES' FURS, HATS, CAPS, AND
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,**

All of which were bought during "Panic week" at very low prices.

Ladies in want of Furs will find it to their interest to examine my stock.

WM. F. OSBORN,
225 Main st., between Second and Third.

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